

SPINE TRAUMATOLOGY

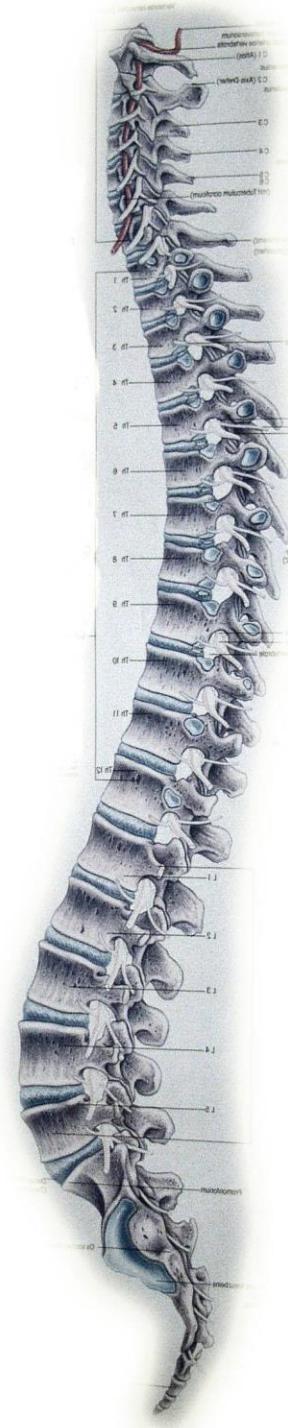
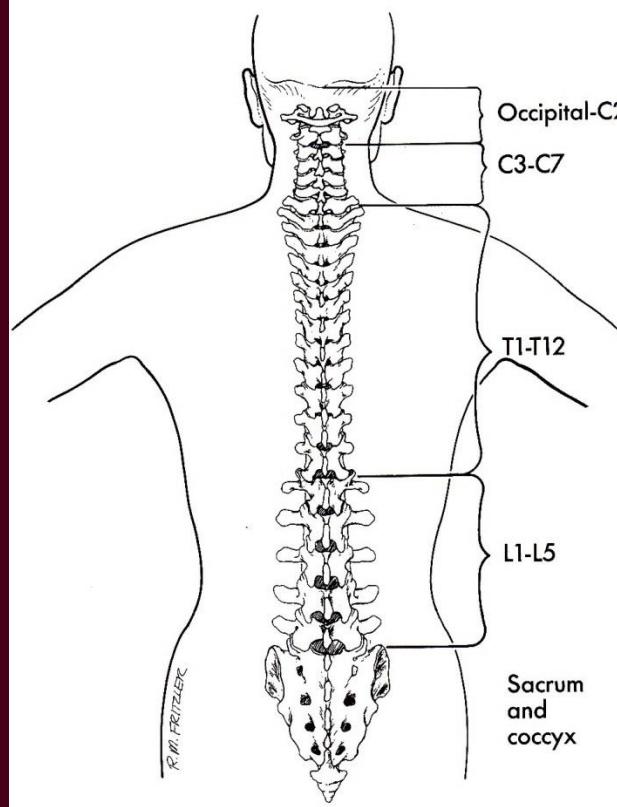
M. Krbec, M. Repko, M. Rouchal,
L. Ryba, R. Chaloupka



Orthopaedic Univ. Dept.
FN Brno-Bohunice

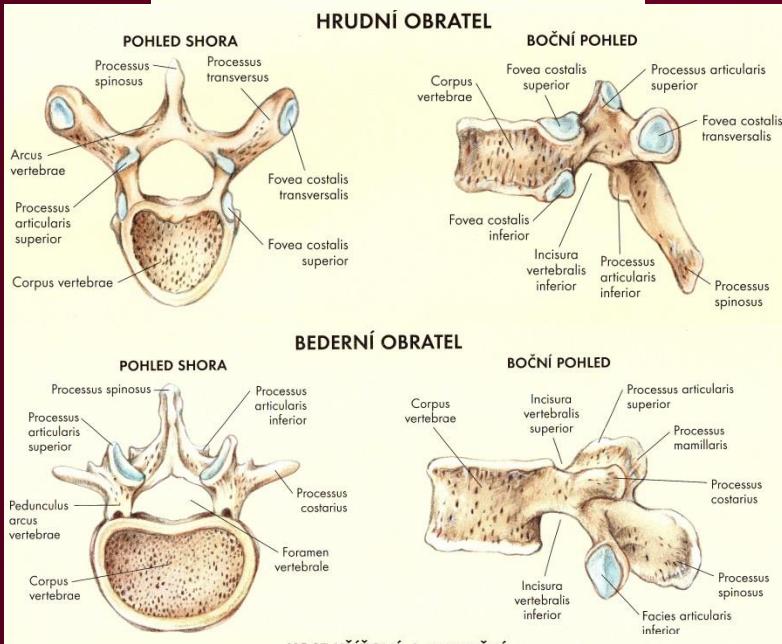
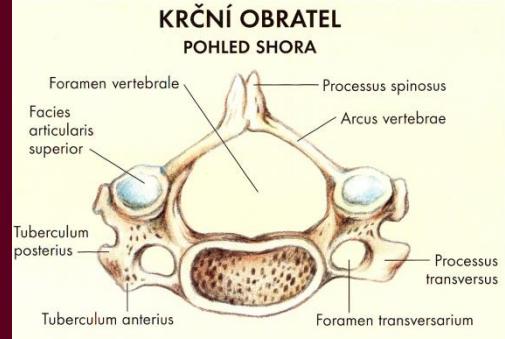
SPINE

- cervical C
 - thoracic T
 - lumbar L
 - sacrum
 - coccyx
-
- body support
 - spinal cord / dura protection



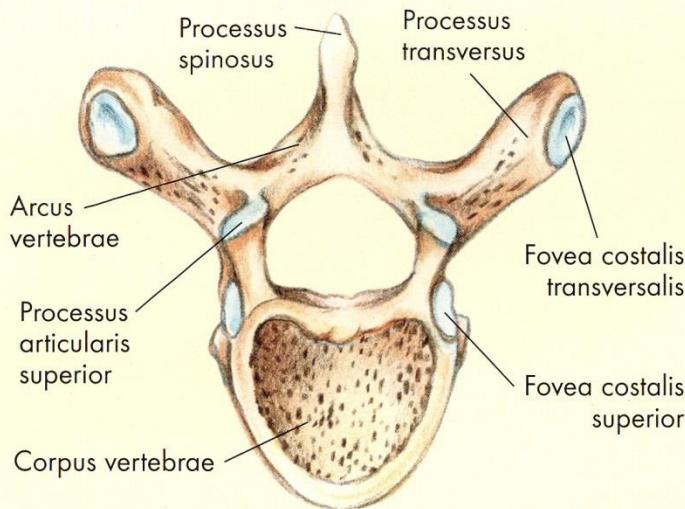
Anatomy of vertebra

- Vertebral body
- Pedicles
- Arch
- Articular processes
 - superior
 - inferior
- Transverse processes
- Spinous process

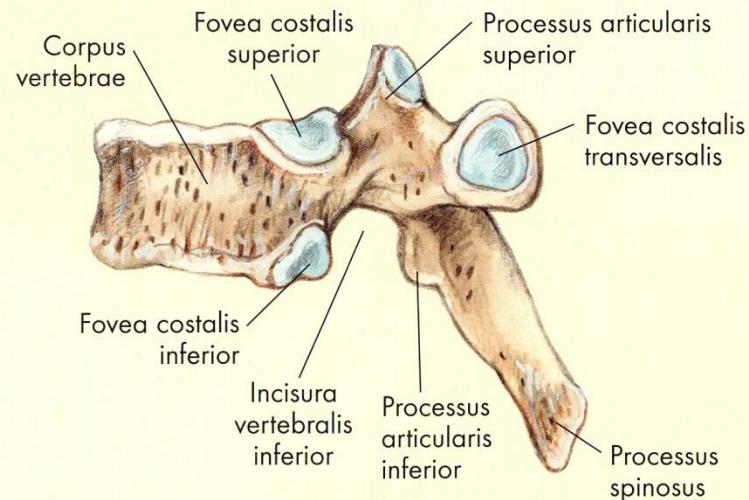


HRUDNÍ OBRATEL

POHLED SHORA

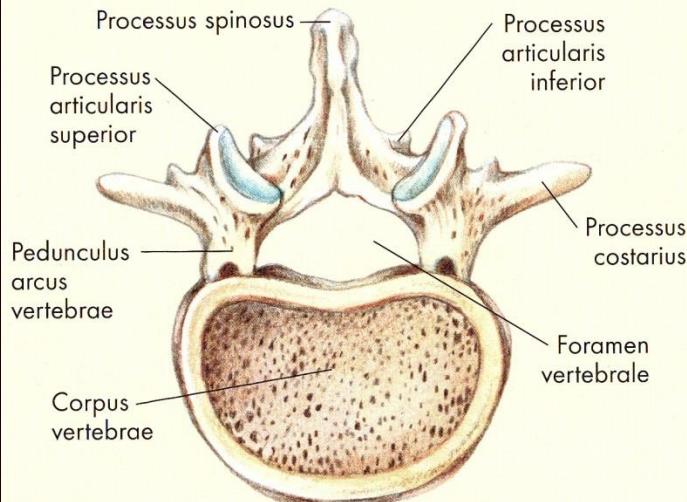


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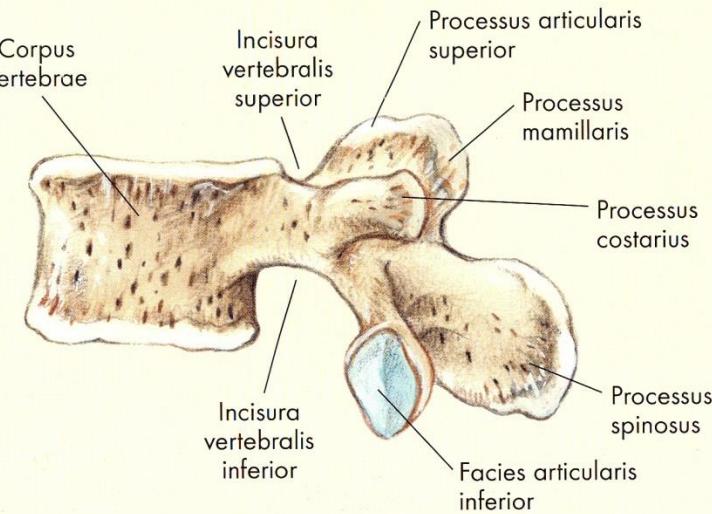


BEDERNÍ OBRATEL

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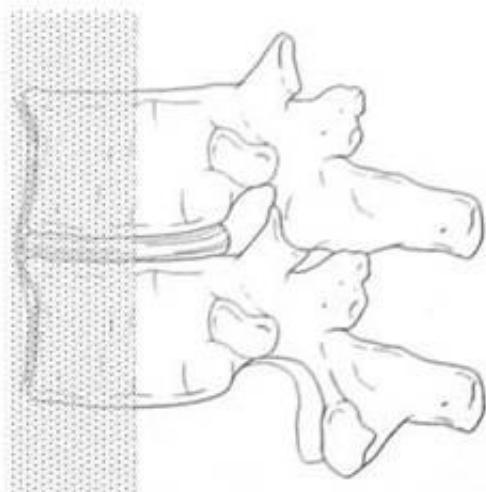


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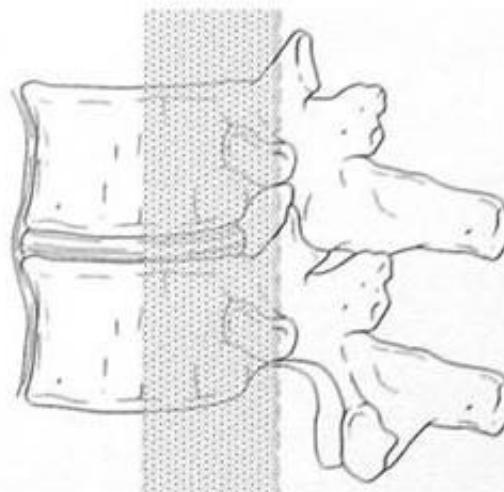


Denis 3-column theory

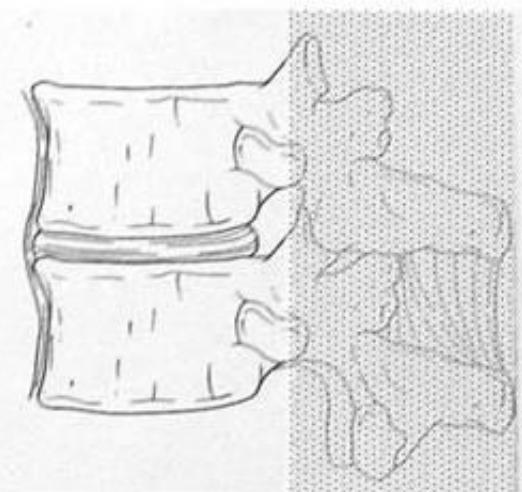
Denis 3-column theory



Anterior column



Middle column



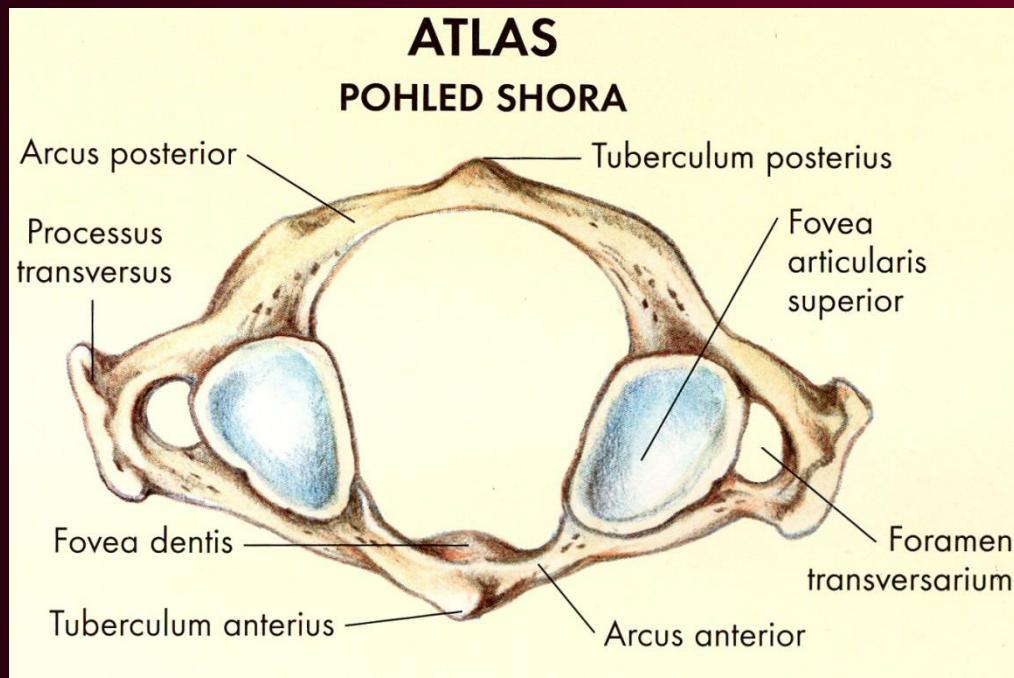
Posterior column

Now 2-column theory(Magerl)

C1

C1 = atlas

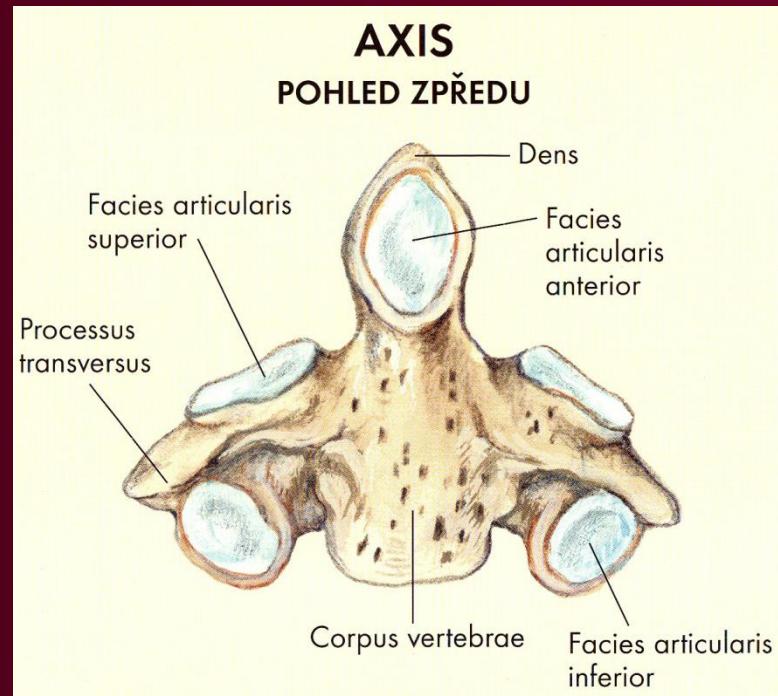
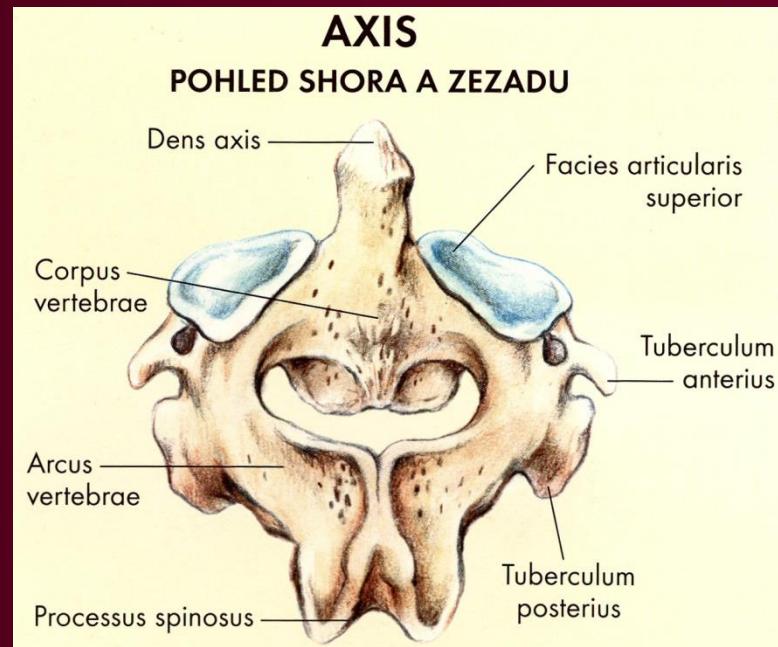
Arches + articular processes



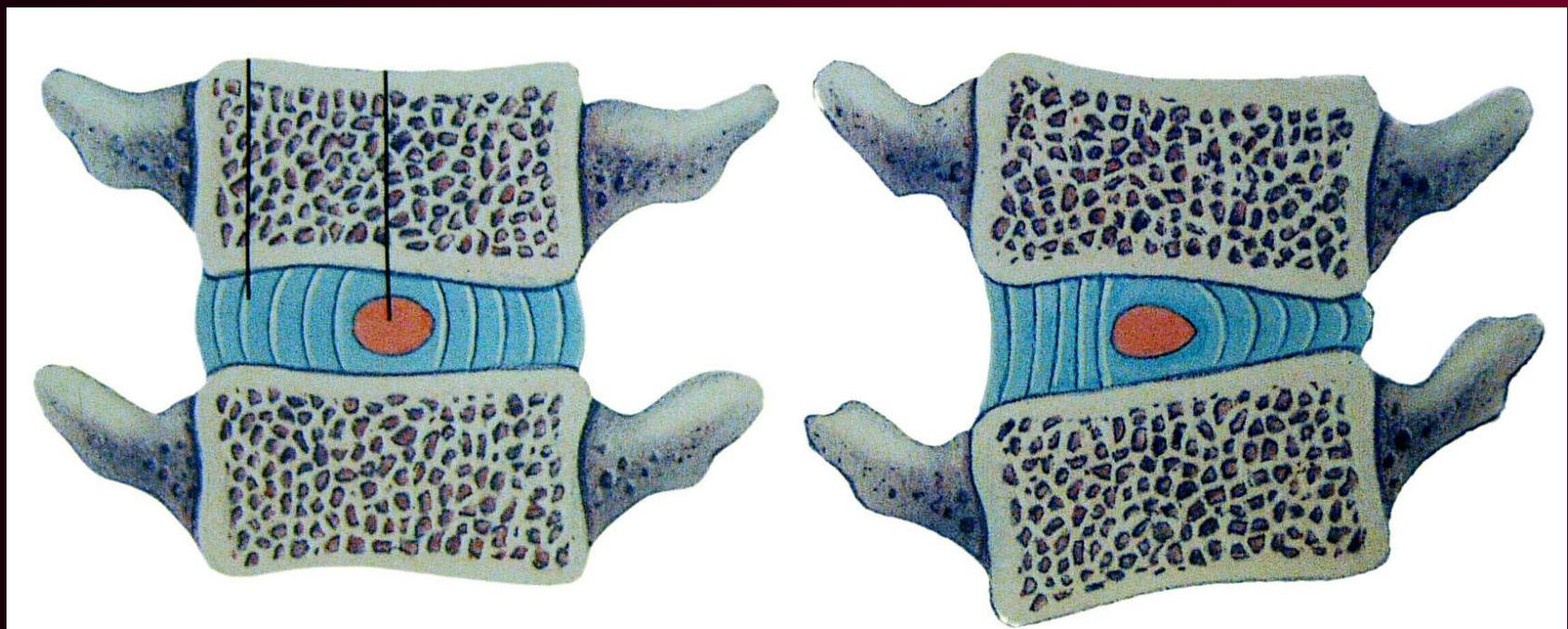
axis

- **Body**
- **Dens**
- **Articular processes**

C2



Discus intervertebralis



EXAMINATION

- Case history
- Clinical examination
- X-ray
- Neurological
- CT
- MRI

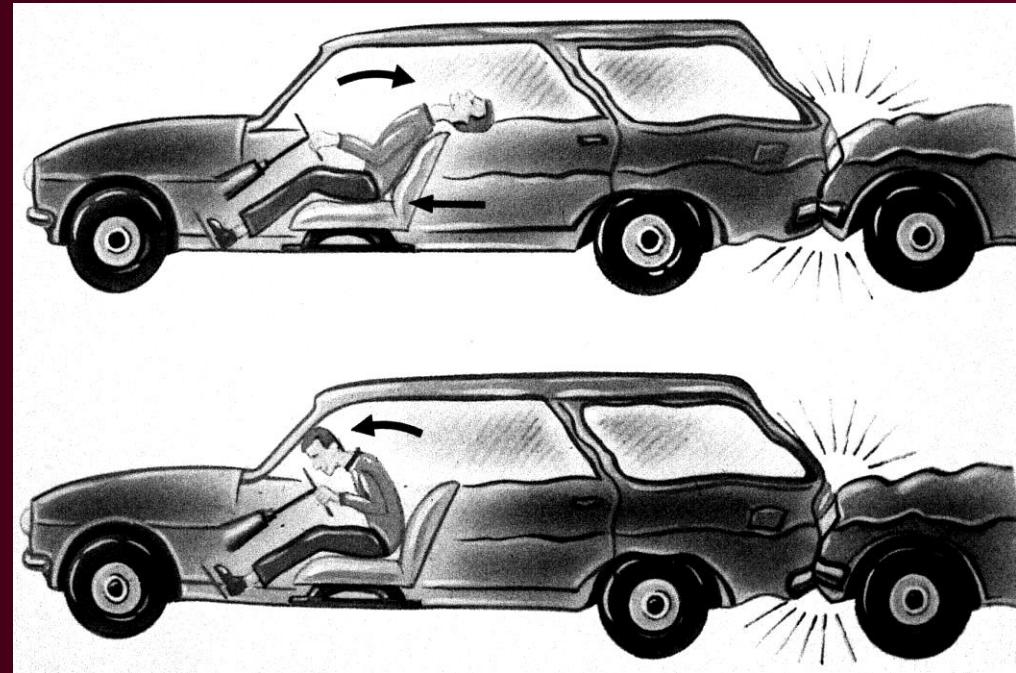
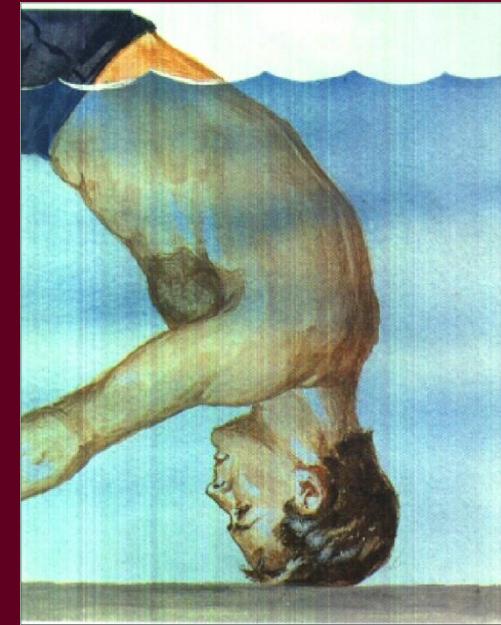
TYPES OF INJURY

Forces, directions

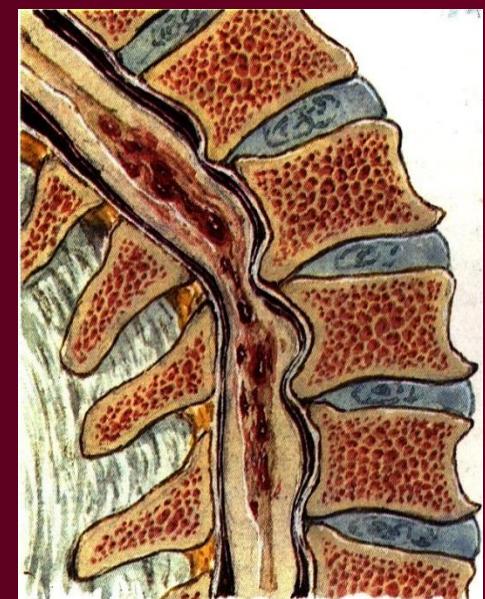
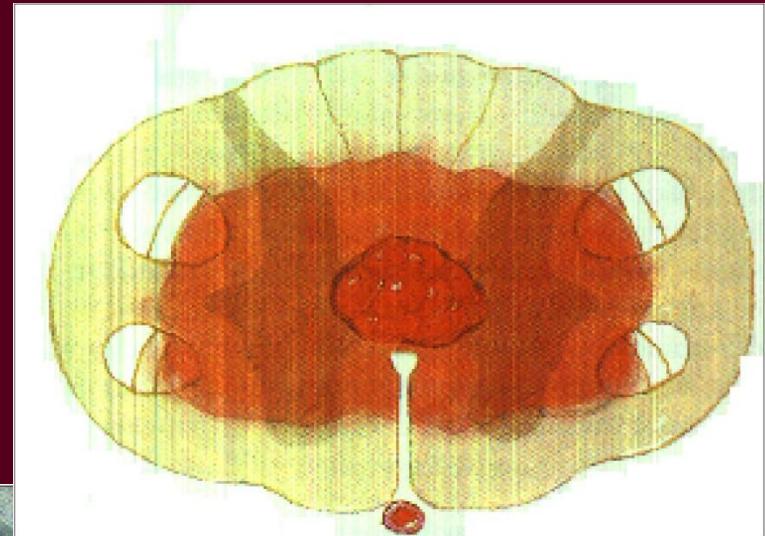
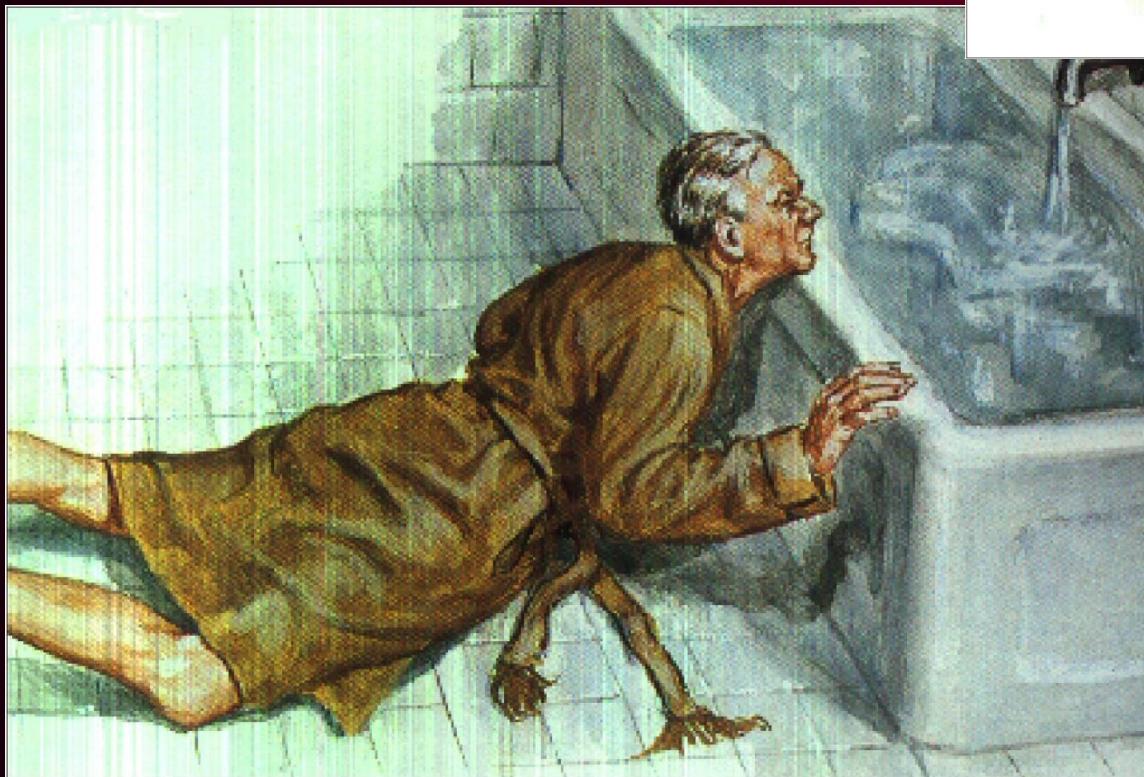
- Axial pressure
- Bending pressure
- Rotation
- Combination

MECHANISM OF INJURY

- Falls
- Traffic accidents
- Sport



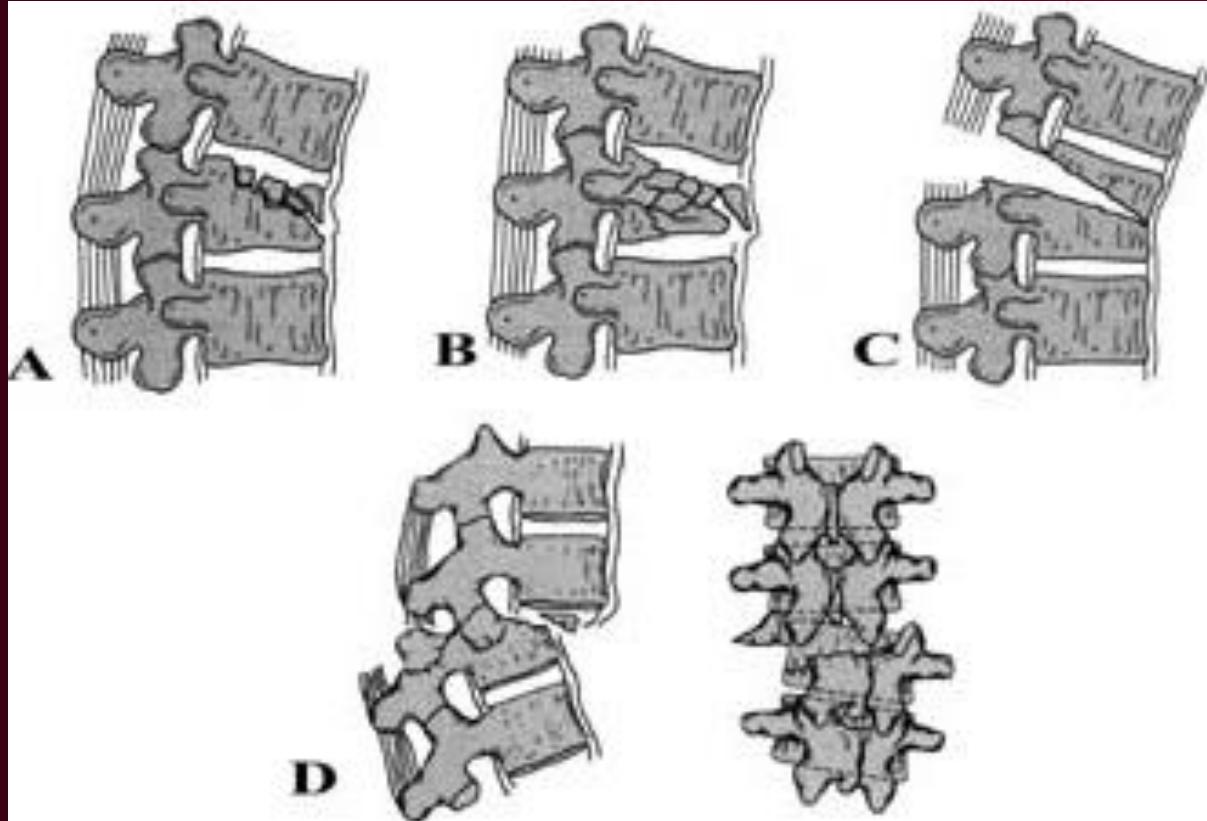
Hematomyelia - Central cord sy



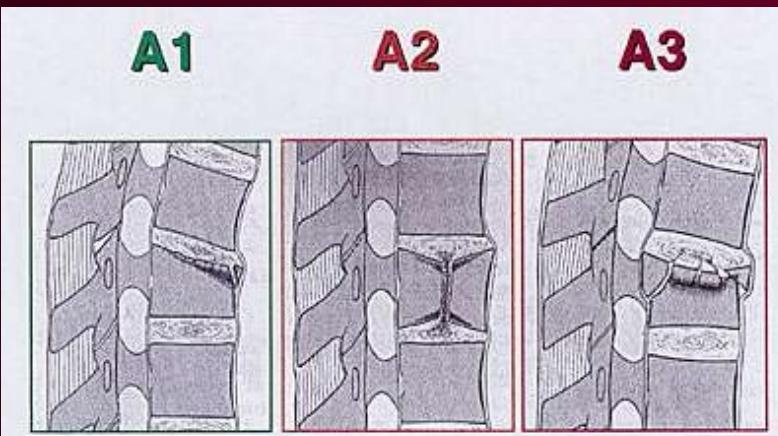
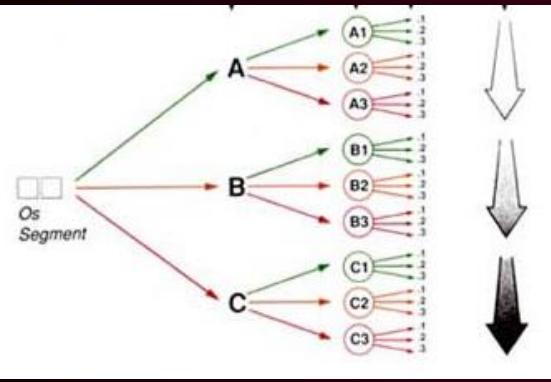
Denis' classification

3 three-column concept

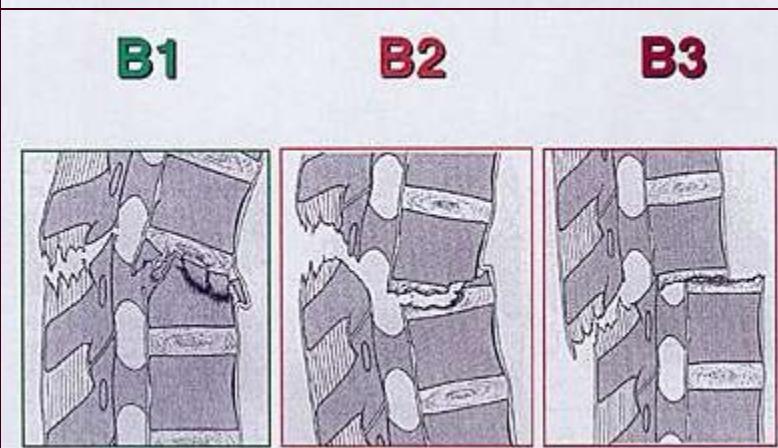
- A compressive
- B burst
- C flexion-distraction
- D rotational forces
(shear, translation)



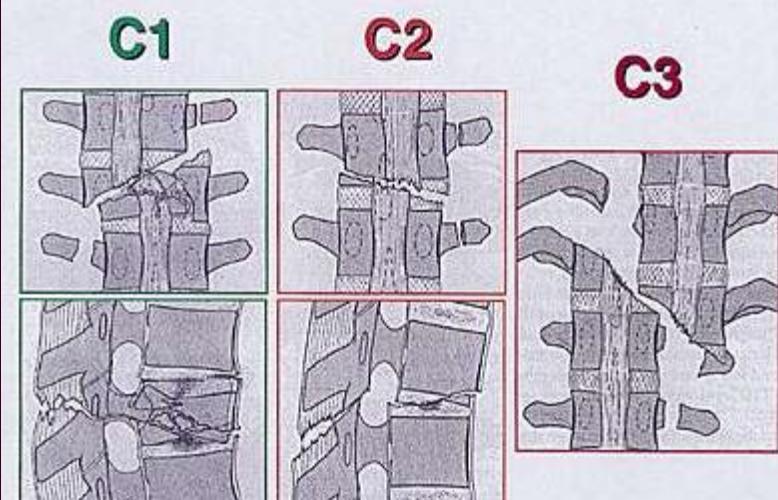
AO classification Magerl et al. 2-column



compression



distraction



**A,B with
rotation**

Frankel (ASIA) classification

- A complete loss of motor end sensory functions**
- B no motor preservation, sensory function only**
- C useless motor function preserved**
- D motor function less than normal**
- E normal neurological status**

THERAPY

- **conservative**
 - **orthosis, plaster cast**
 - **bed rest**
- **surgical**
 - **posterior surgery**
 - **anterior surgery**
 - **combined**

FIRST AID

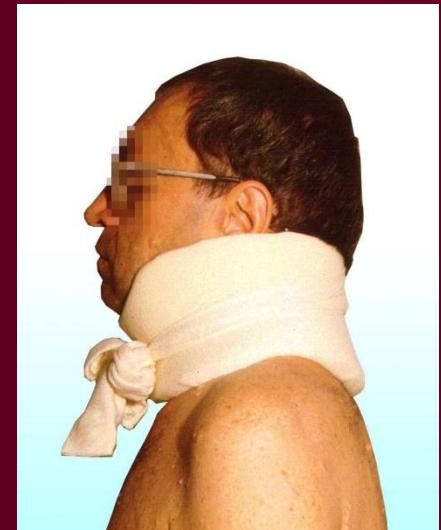
- **CERVICAL SPINE FIXATION**
- **TO AVOID MOVEMENT WITH THORACIC AND LUMBAR SPINE DURING MANIPULATION**
- **SPINAL DEPARTMENT**

SURGICAL INDICATION

- **NEUROLOGICAL LESION**
 - » **OPERATION UP TO**
 - » **6 HOURS !**
- **SPINE INSTABILITY**

CONSERVATIVE THERAPY

- Bed rest
- Collars- soft
-Philadelphia



CONSERVATIVE THERAPY

T SPINE T8 - 12

- Jewett orthosis



LS SPINE

- Jewett orthosis L1 - 3
- lumbar belt L4 - S1



HALO - TRACTION

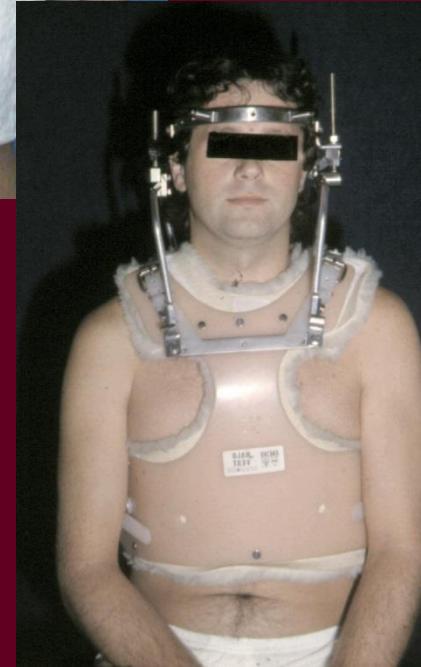


CONSERVATIVE TREATMENT

-plaster casts

C spine

- halo-cast, halo-vest
- Minerva cast / vest



CONSERVATIVE TREATMENT

-plaster cast



SURGICAL THERAPY

- **DECOMPRESSION OF NEUROGICAL STRUCTURES**
- **REDUCTION OF DEFORMITY**
- **HEALING WITH SOLID FUSION**

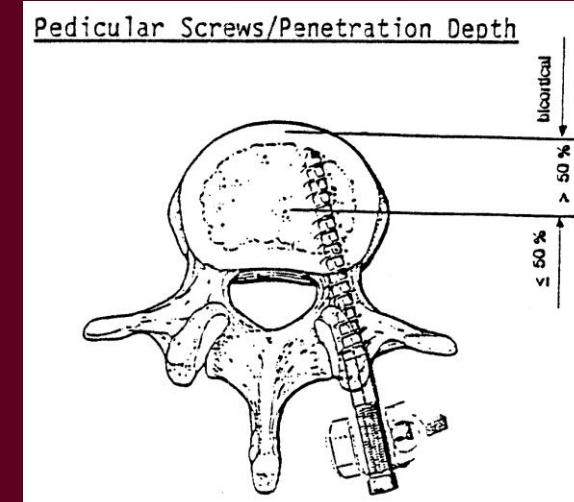
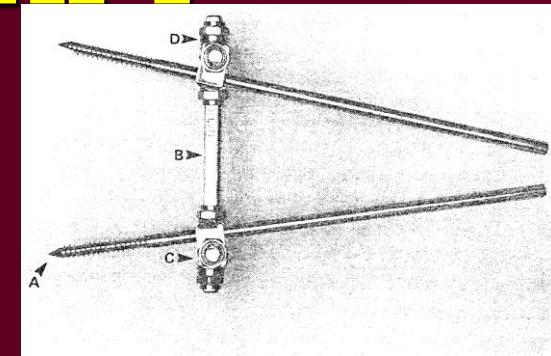
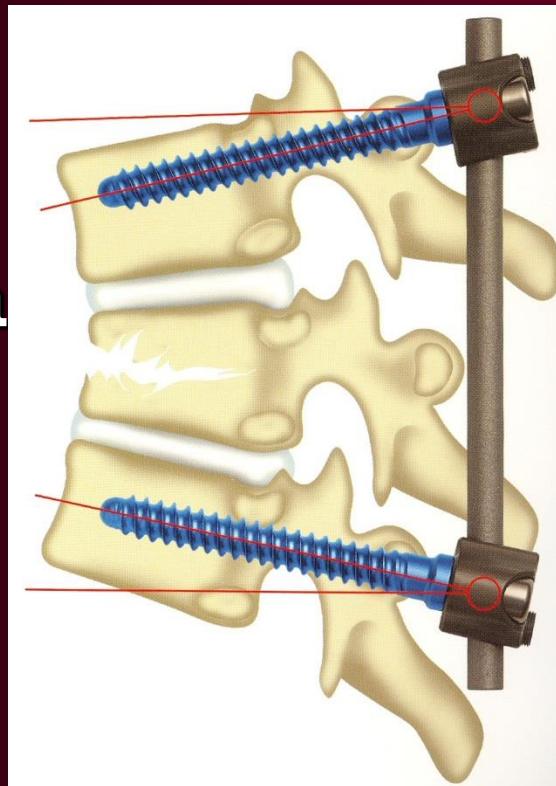
SURGICAL THERAPY

acute period

- C spine
 - anterior surgery
- T, L spine
 - posterior surgery

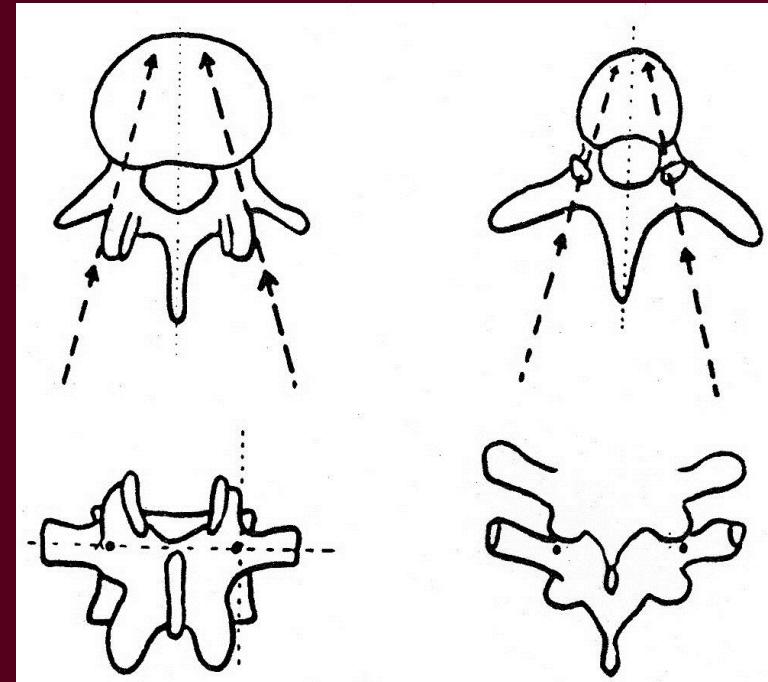
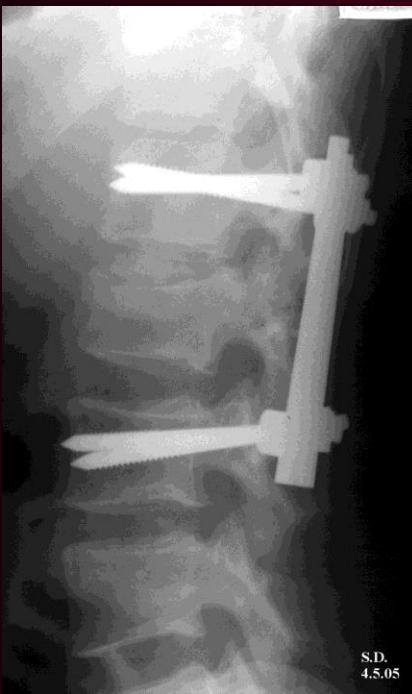
BASIC PRINCIPLES OF SURGICAL THERAPY

- reduction
- lordotisation
- stabilisation



POSTERIOR APPROACH TO THE T-L SPINE

- Pedicle screws
- Bones
- Rods
- Cross-links



This figure consists of two side-by-side radiographic images of a canine spine. The left image shows a cross-section of the spine with two white implants in place. A yellow arrow points to the top implant with the label "intersomatic fusion". Another yellow arrow points to the bottom implant with the label "spondioplasty". The right image shows the same spine from a slightly different angle, also featuring two white implants.

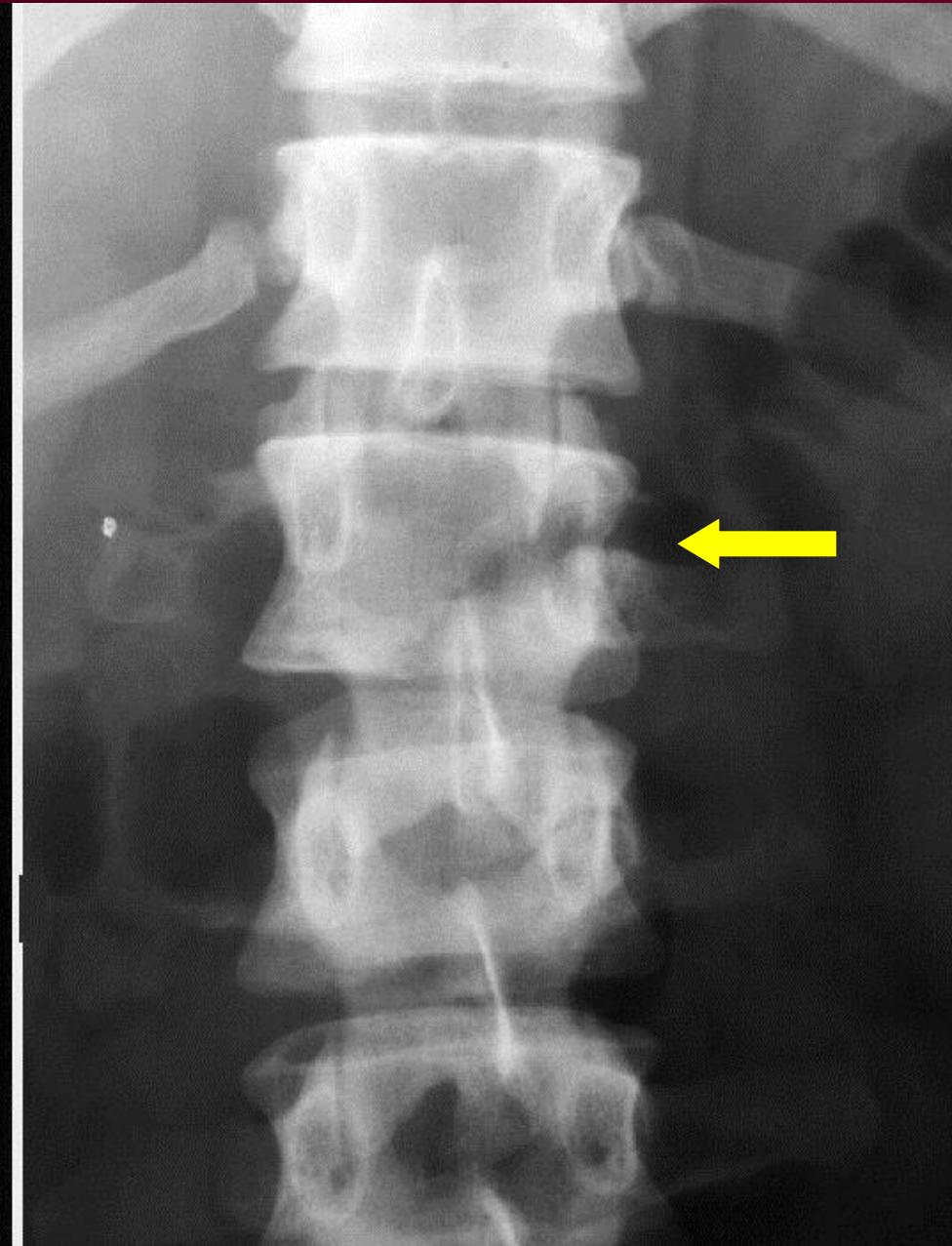
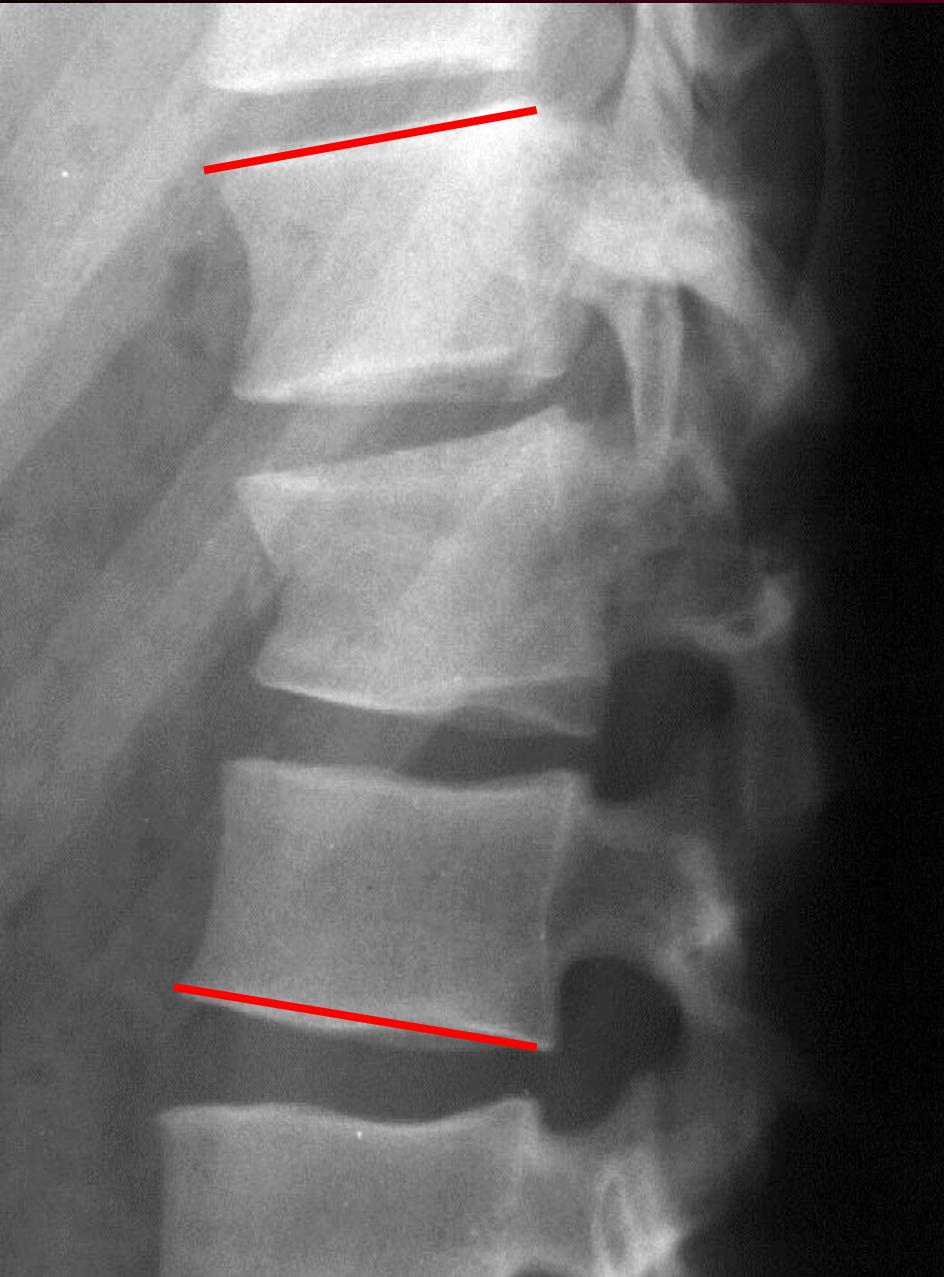
intersomatic
fusion

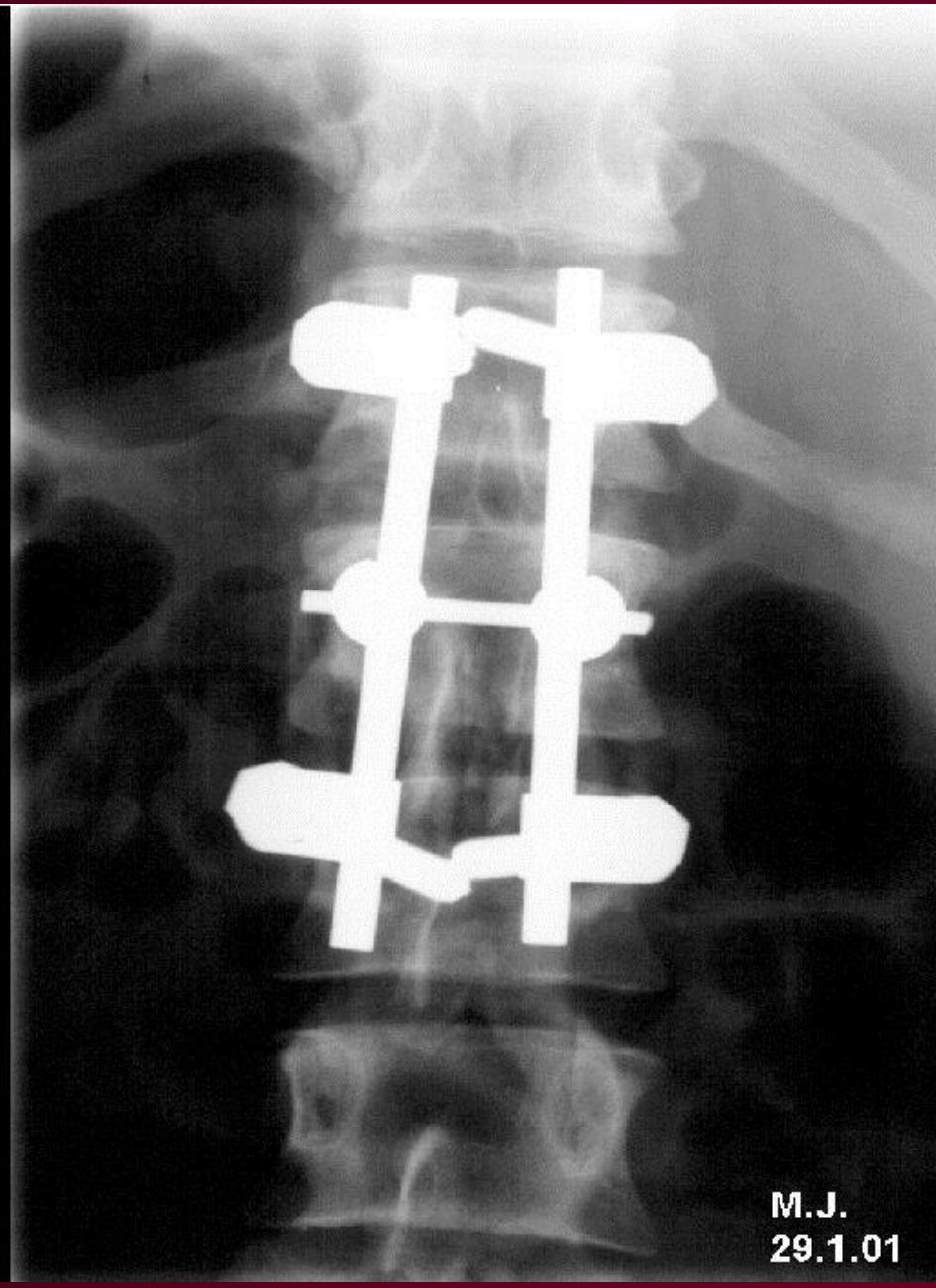
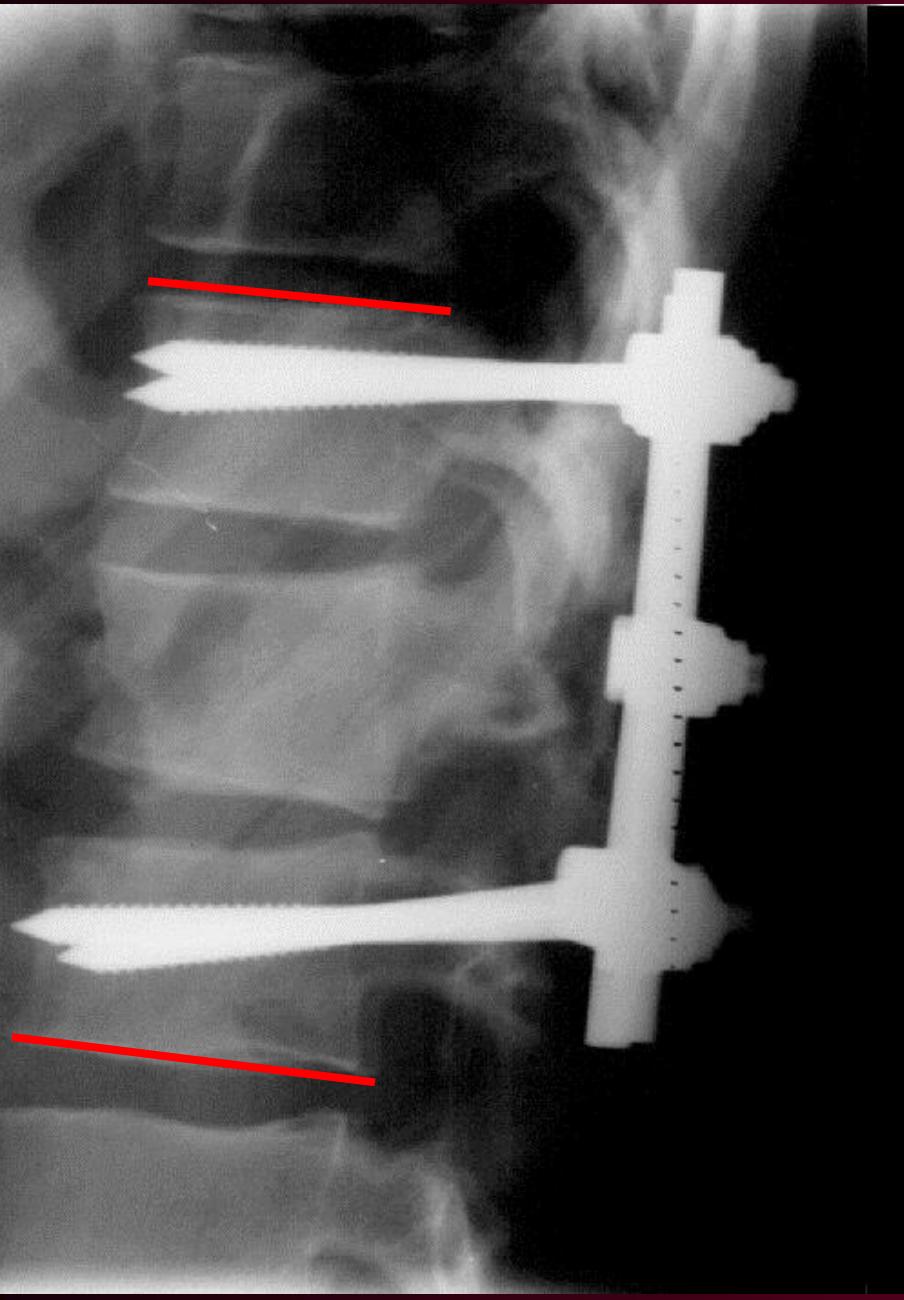
spondioplasty

POSTERIOR STABILISATION OF THE SPINE

CT scan – TRANSPEDICULAR SCREWS



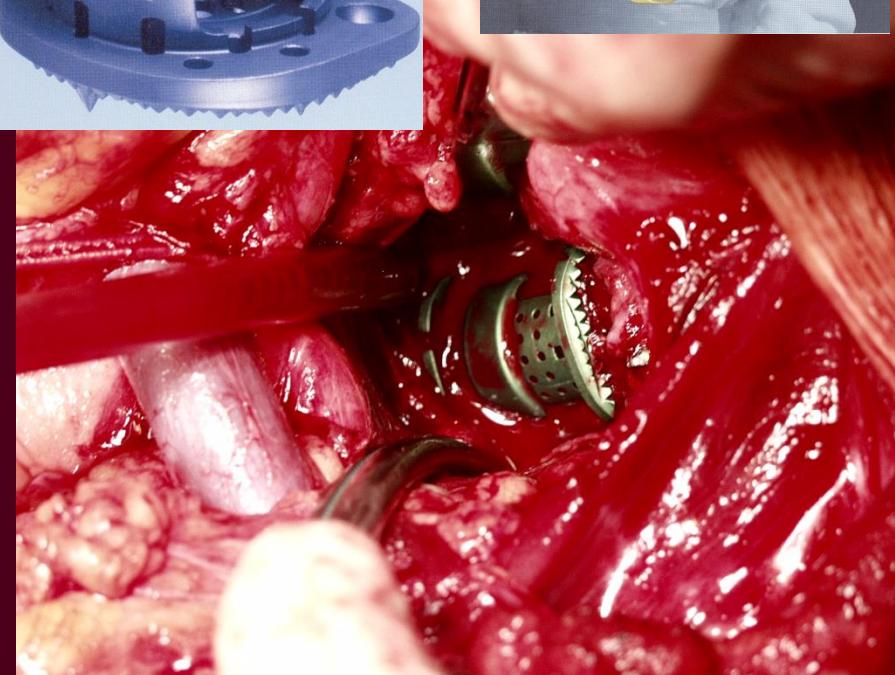
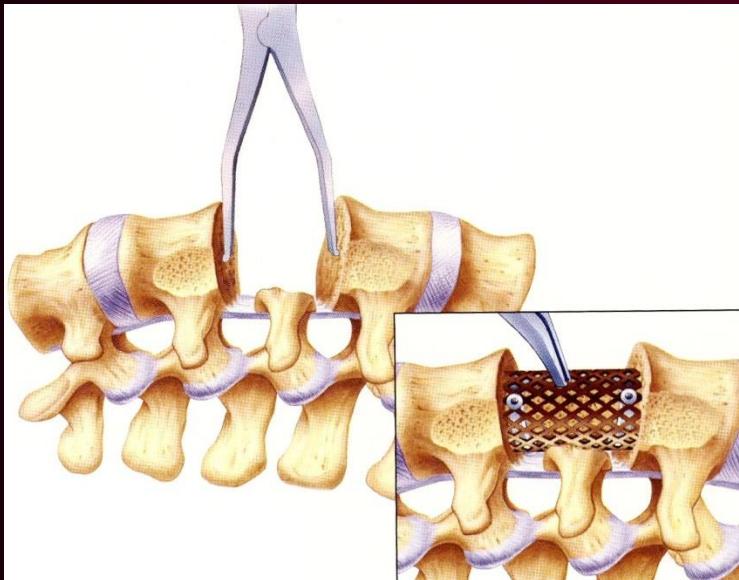


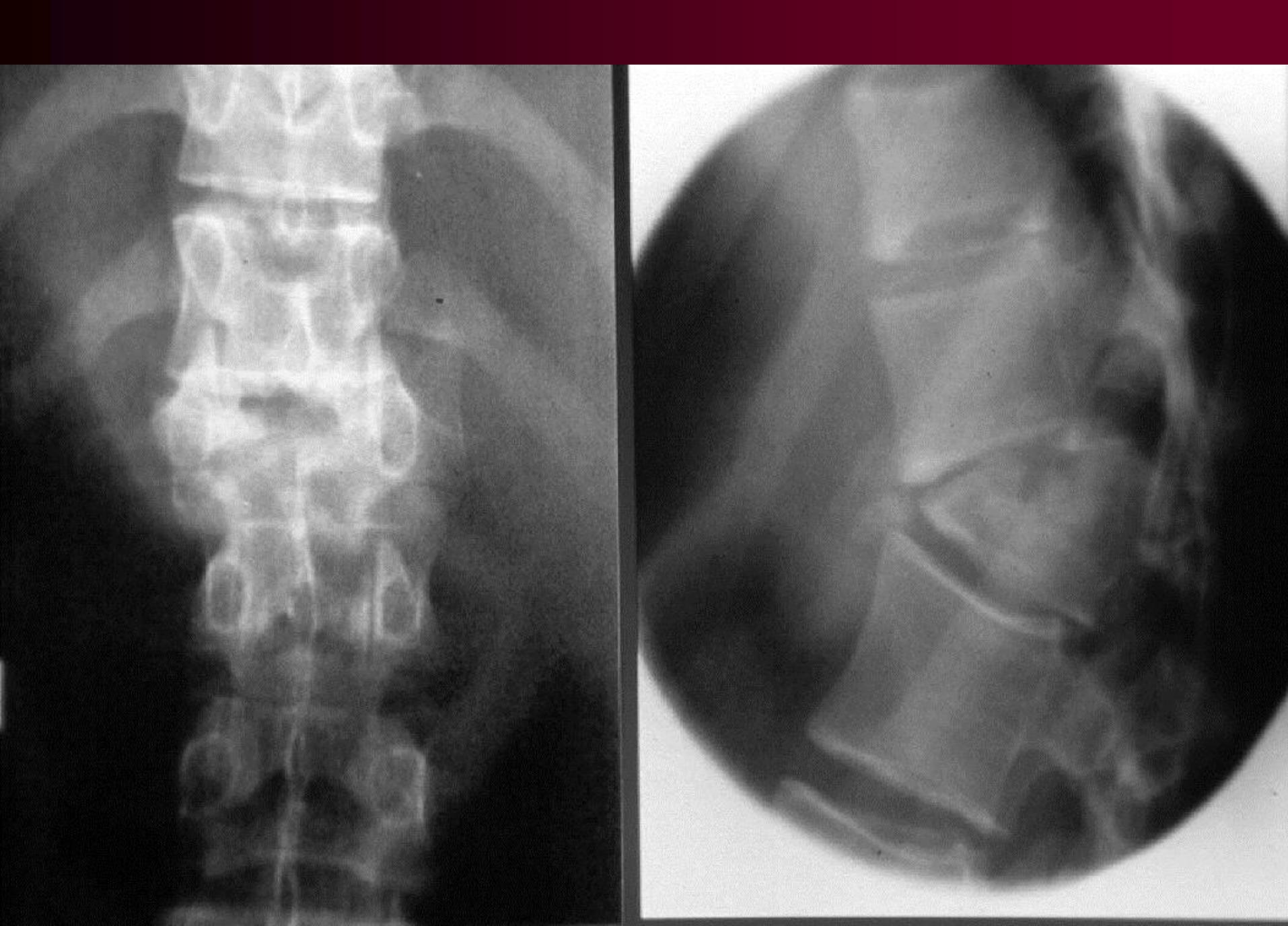


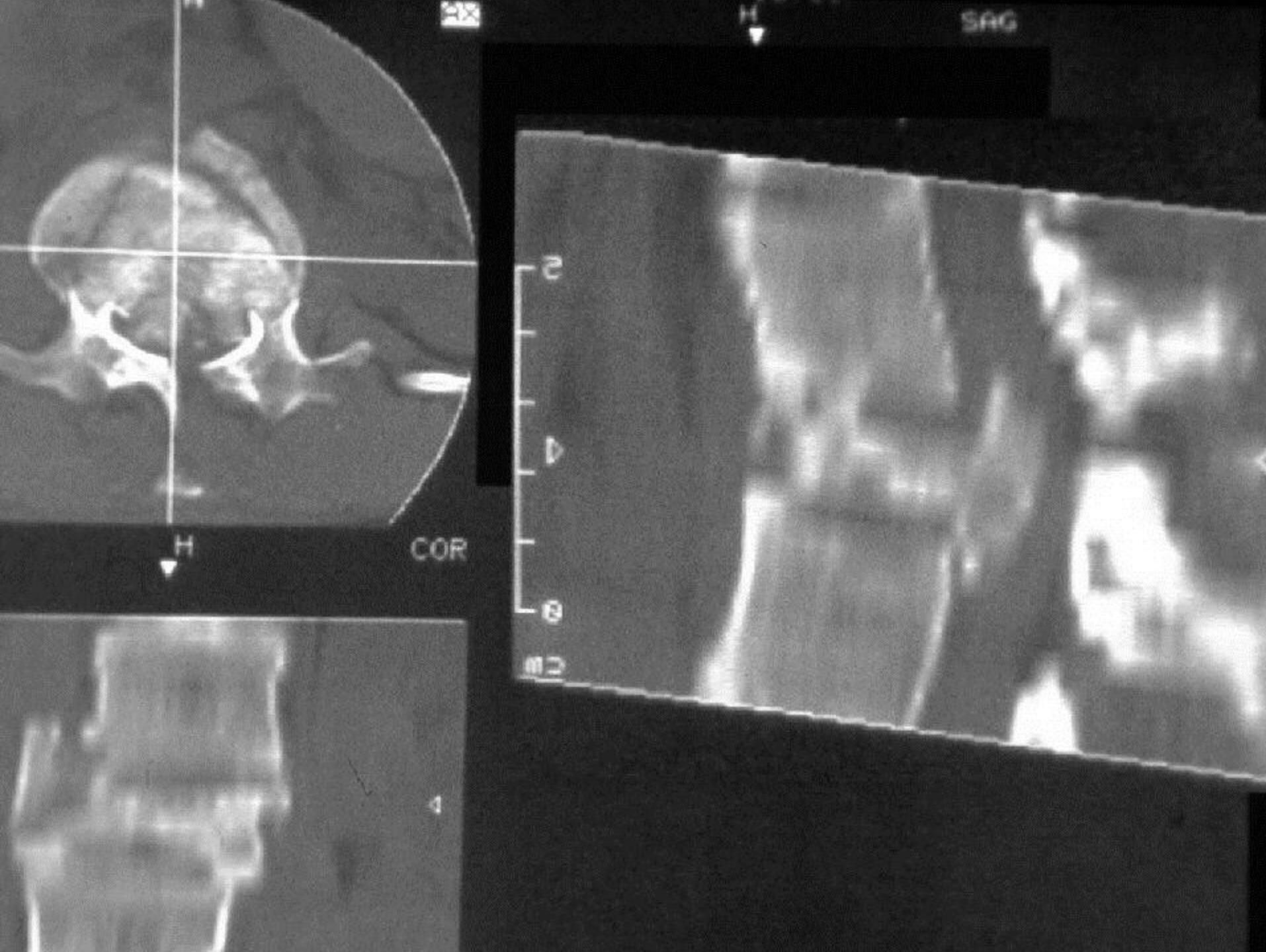
M.J.
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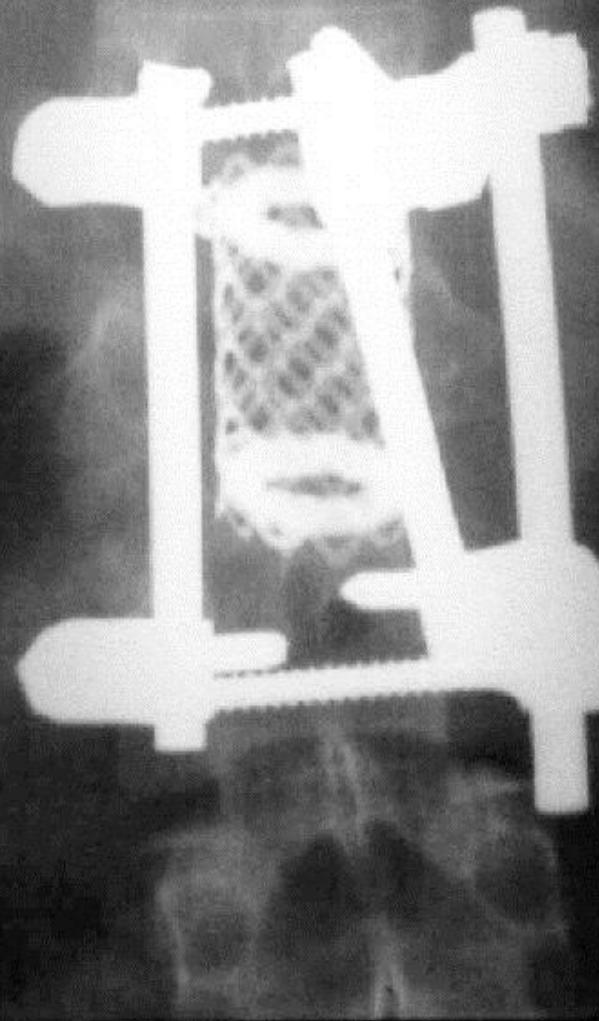
T-L SPINE - ANTERIOR SURGICAL APPROACH

- replacing the vertebral body
- stabilisation



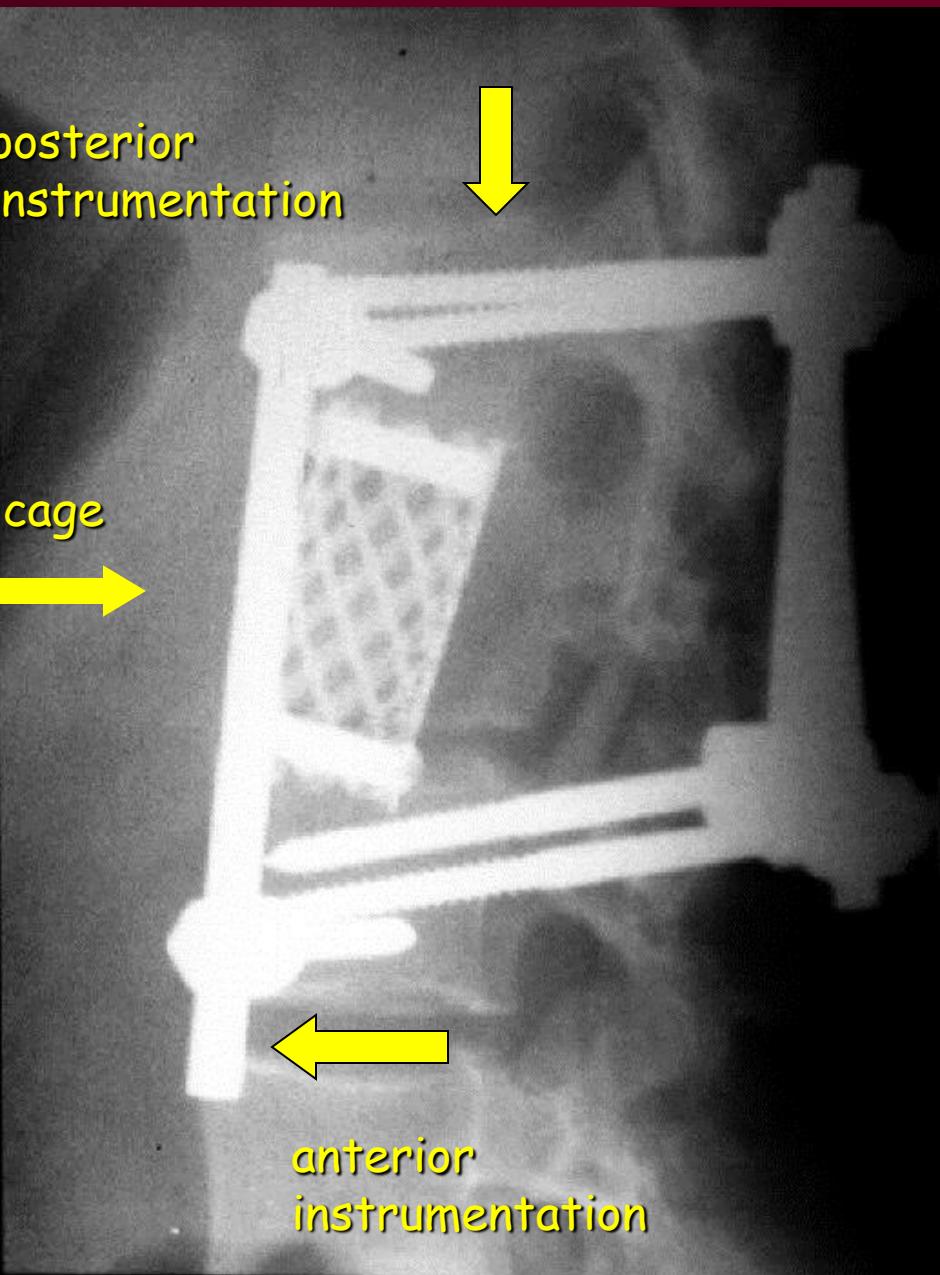






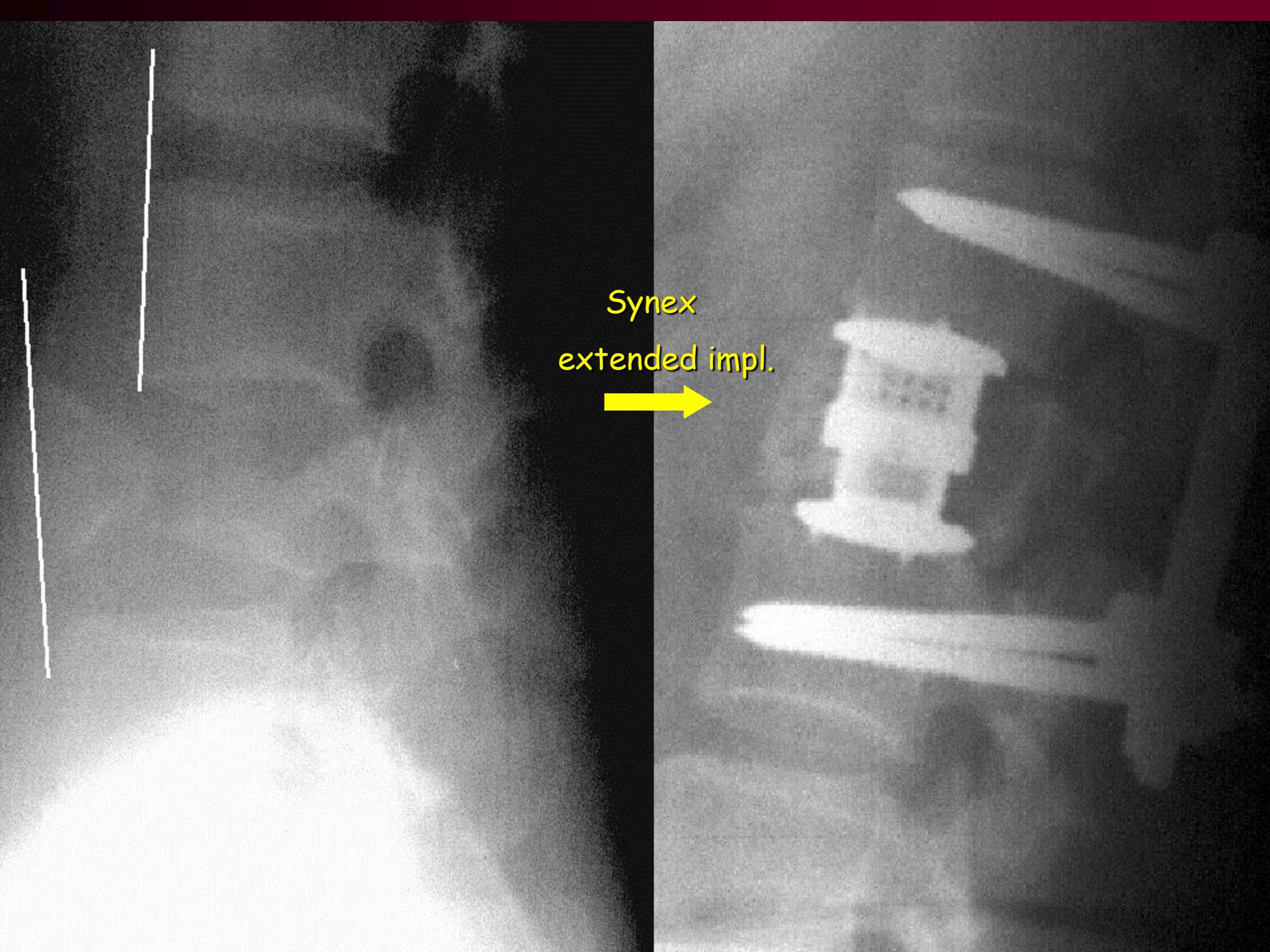
posterior
instrumentation

Harms cage



anterior
instrumentation



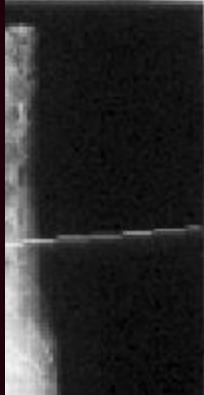


Synex
extended impl.



VEL
527

NR
27 Nov 99 22
ELSCINT Heli
140kV,40
SC 2°
SW 5°
S

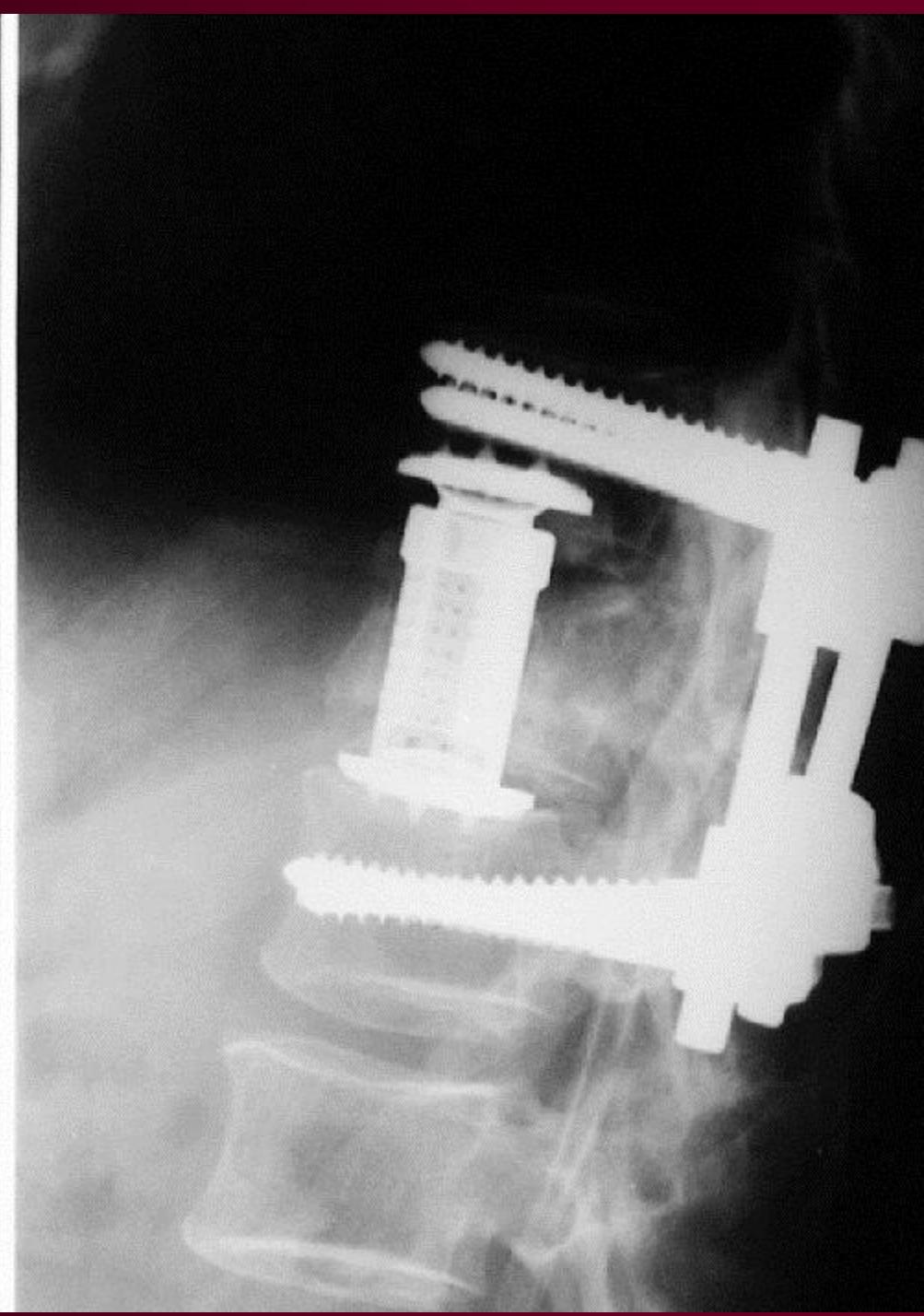
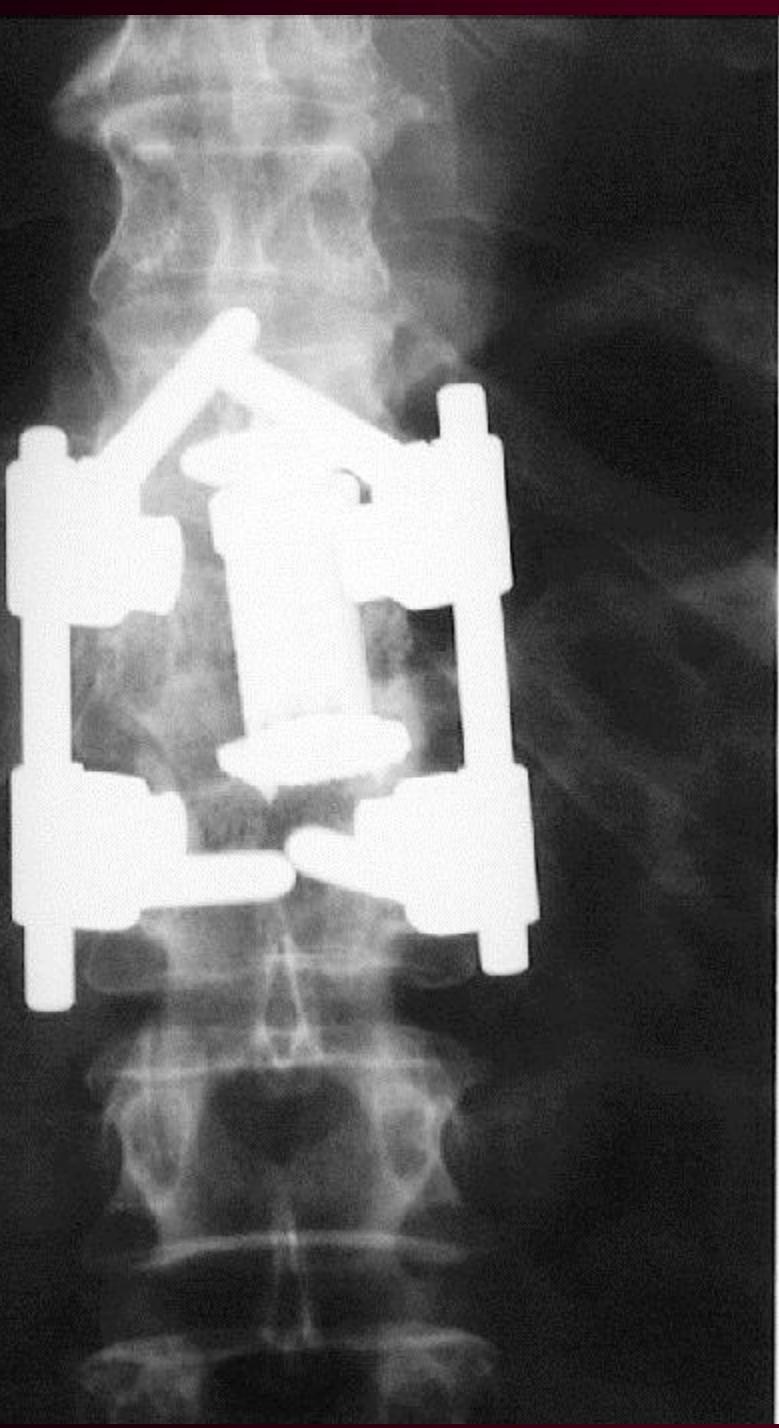


C

2.7-1



L



C1,2 - SPINE INJURIES

Rare, big violence on OC a C-SPINE

Occipital fracture

C-1 arch fracture

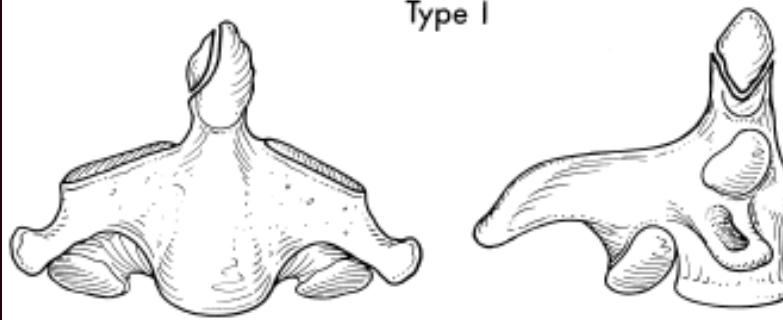
Odontoid C-2 fracture

Body C-2 fracture

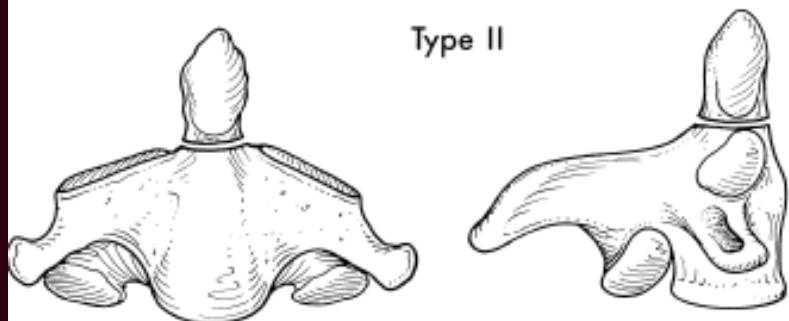
CONSERVATIVE THERAPY

DENS FRACTURE

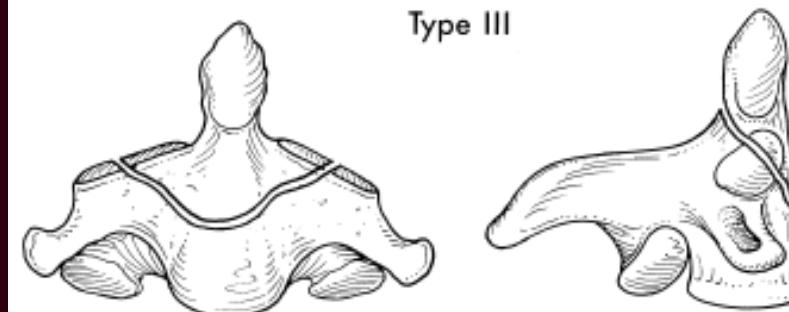
Type I



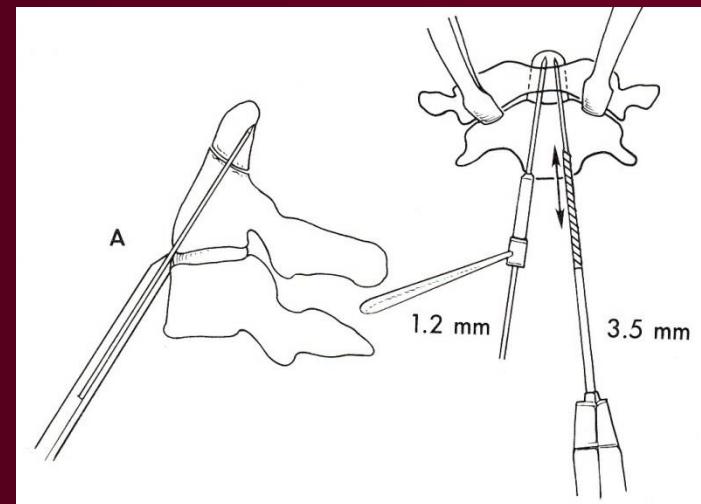
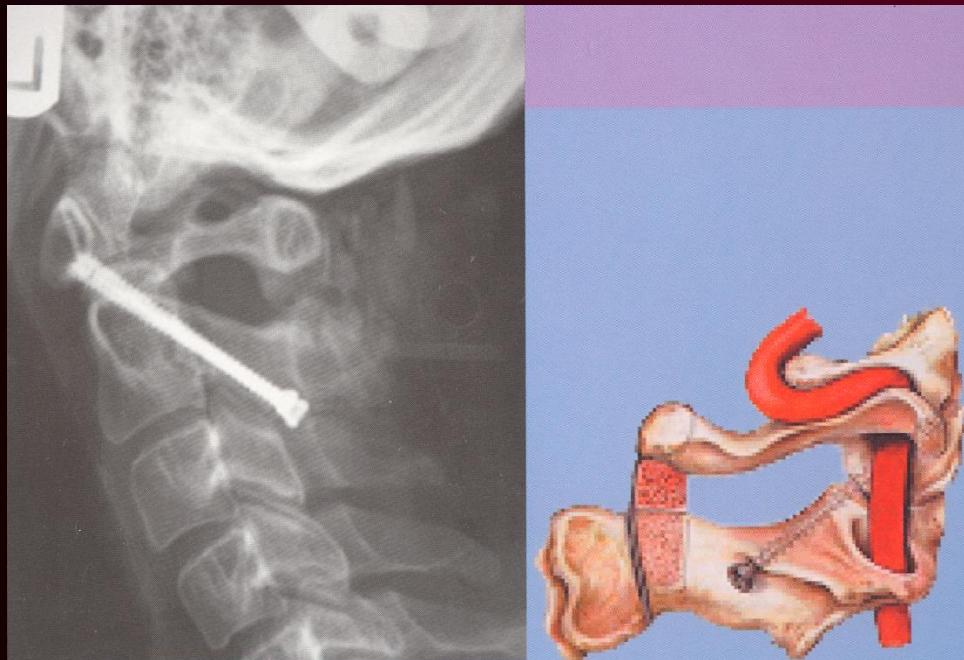
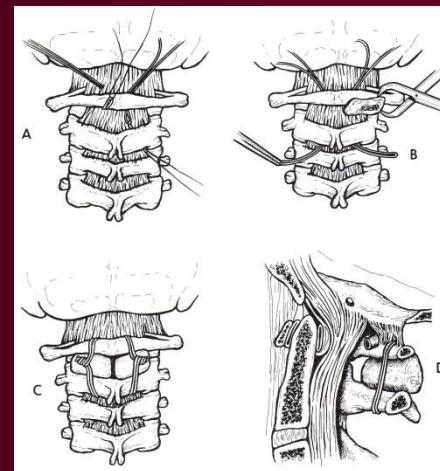
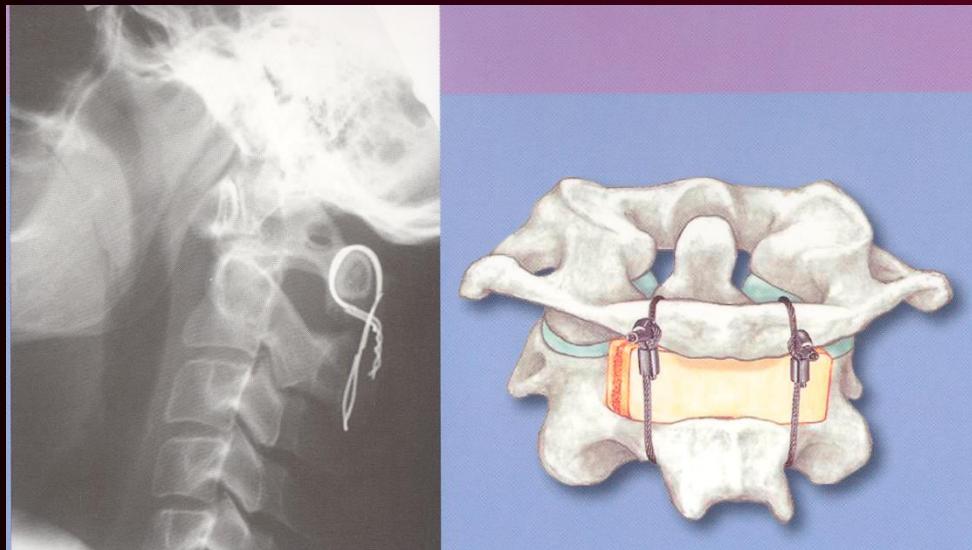
Type II



Type III

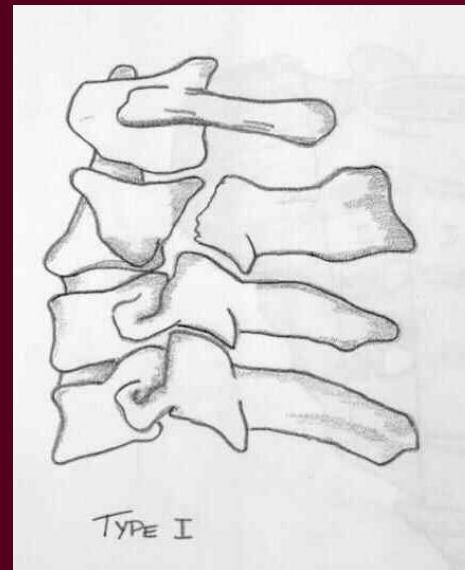


DENS FRACTURE

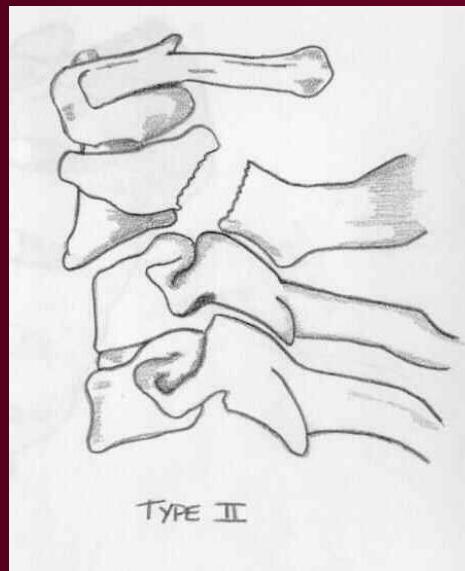


HANGMAN'S C-2 FRACTURE

TRAUMATIC Spondylolisthesis of axis



TYPE I



TYPE II

09:26:16

No.1

R

L

F

C: 7205
W: 19985

09:41:28

No.2

A

P

F

C: 6251
W: 20699

Anterior fusion and plate

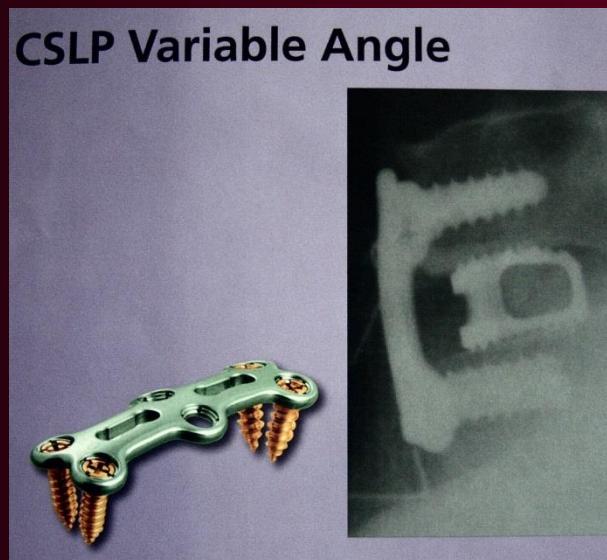


CERVICAL SPINE INJURIES

- **Comminuted body fractures (burst)**
- **Injuries of discs and ligaments**
 - disc and ligamentous disruption
- **Combined**
 - teardrop, fracture dislocations

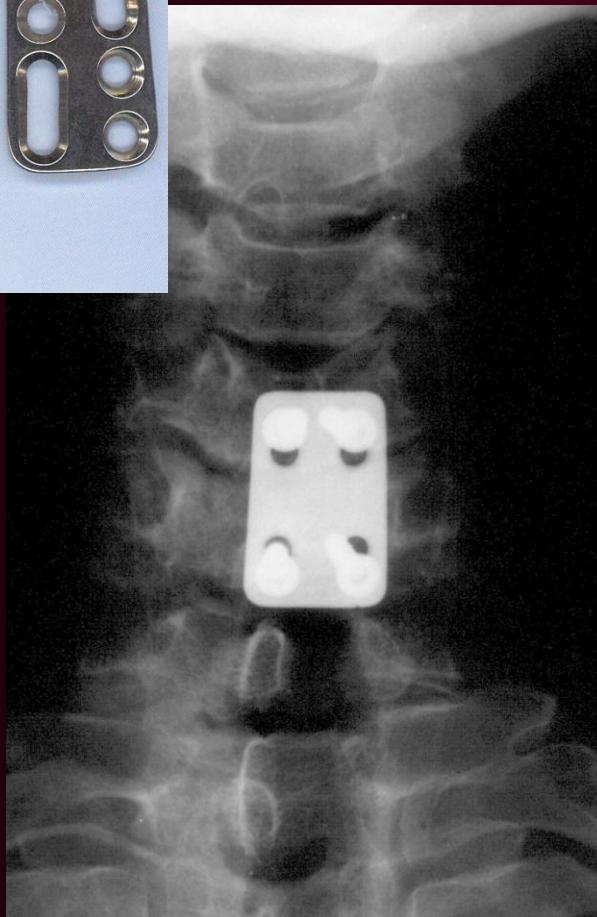
C- SPINE

- anterior surgery
 - body replacement
 - disc replacement
 - stabilisation



CERVICAL PLATES

- CASPAR



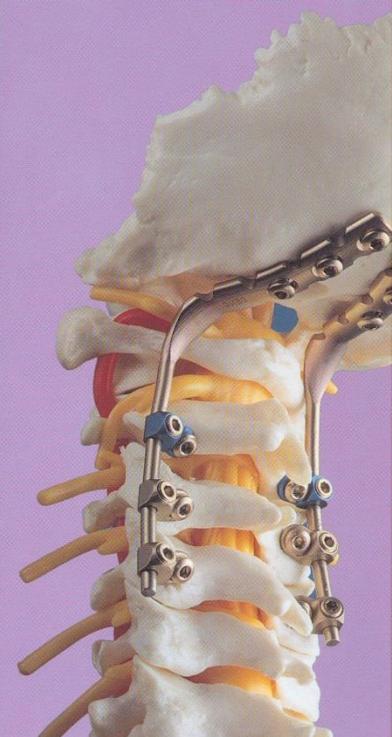
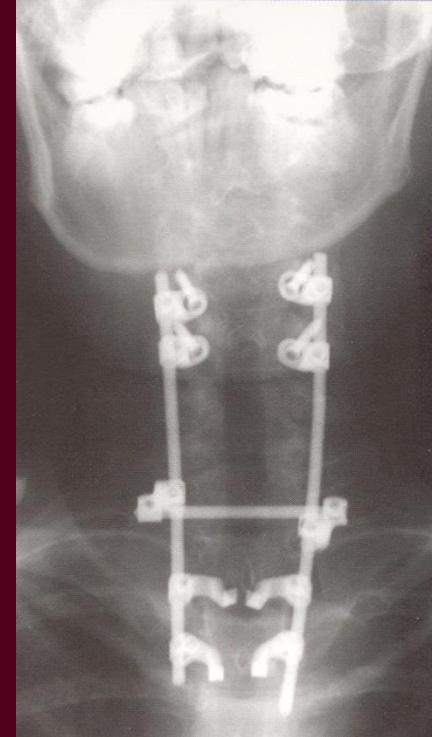
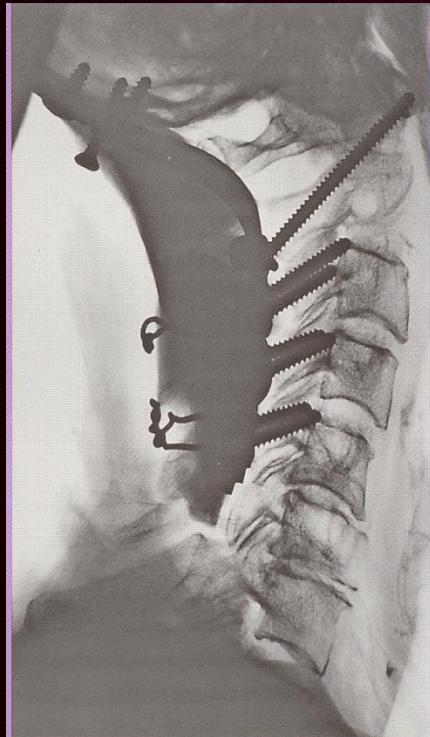
- SYNTHES



Posterior surgery

STABILISATION of O-C SPINE

- Synthes
- Star Lock
- CerviFix



POSTOPERATIVE AFTERTREATMENT

- collar
- Jewett orthosis, lumbar belt
- plaster cast
- 0